Lesson 25: Finding Solutions to Make Equations True

Classwork

Opening Exercise

Identify a value for the variable that would make each equation or inequality into a true number sentence. Is this the only possible answer? State when the equation or inequality is true using equality and inequality symbols.

a. 3 + g = 15

b. 30 > 2d

c.
$$\frac{15}{f} < 5$$

d. $42 \le 50 - m$



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Example 1

Each of the following numbers, if substituted for the variable, makes one of the equations below into a true number sentence. Match the number to that equation: 3, 6, 15, 16, 44.

a. n + 26 = 32

b. n - 12 = 32

c. 17*n* = 51

d. $4^2 = n$

e.
$$\frac{n}{3} = 5$$



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Lesson Summary

VARIABLE: A variable is a symbol (such as a letter) that represents a number (i.e., it is a placeholder for a number).

A variable is a placeholder for "a number" that does not "vary."

EXPRESSION: An *expression* is a numerical expression or a result of replacing some (or all) of the numbers in a numerical expression with variables.

EQUATION: An equation is a statement of equality between two expressions.

If A and B are two expressions in the variable x, then A = B is an equation in the variable x.

Problem Set

Find the solution to each equation.

- 1. $4^3 = y$
- 2. 8a = 24
- 3. 32 = g 4
- 4. 56 = j + 29

5.
$$\frac{48}{r} = 12$$

- 6. k = 15 9
- 7. $x \cdot \frac{1}{5} = 60$
- 8. m + 3.45 = 12.8
- 9. $a = 1^5$





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