## Lesson 4: Numbers Raised to the Zeroth Power

## Classwork

For any numbers $x, y$, and any positive integers $m, n$, the following holds

$$
\begin{gather*}
x^{m} \cdot x^{n}=x^{m+n}  \tag{1}\\
x^{m n}=x^{m n}  \tag{2}\\
x y^{n}=x^{n} y^{n} \tag{3}
\end{gather*}
$$

Definition: $\qquad$

## Exercise 1

List all possible cases of whole numbers $m$ and $n$ for identity (1). More precisely, when $m>0$ and $n>0$, we already know that (1) is correct. What are the other possible cases of $m$ and $n$ for which (1) is yet to be verified?

## Exercise 2

Check that equation (1) is correct for each of the cases listed in Exercise 1.

## Exercise 3

Do the same with equation (2) by checking it case-by-case.

## Exercise 4

Do the same with equation (3) by checking it case-by-case.

## Exercise 5

Write the expanded form of 8,374using exponential notation.

## Exercise 6

Write the expanded form of $6,985,062$ using exponential notation.

## Problem Set

Let $x, y$ be numbers $(x, y \neq 0)$. Simplify each of the following expressions of numbers.

| 1. $\frac{y^{12}}{y^{12}}=$ | 2. $9^{15} \cdot \frac{1}{9^{15}}=$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3. $7123456.789^{40}=$ | 4. $2^{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{5}} \cdot 2^{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2}}=$ |
| 5. $\frac{x^{41}}{y^{15}} \cdot \frac{y^{15}}{x^{41}}=$ |  |

