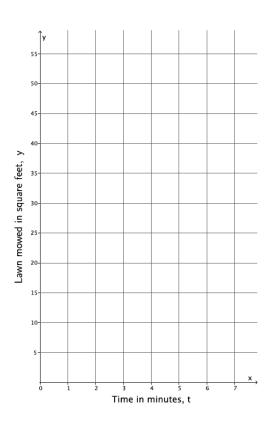
Lesson 11: Constant Rate

Classwork

Example 1

Pauline mows a lawn at a constant rate. Suppose she mows a 35 square foot lawn in 2.5 minutes. What area, in square feet, can she mow in 10 minutes? t minutes?

t (time in minutes)	Linear equation:	y (area in square feet)





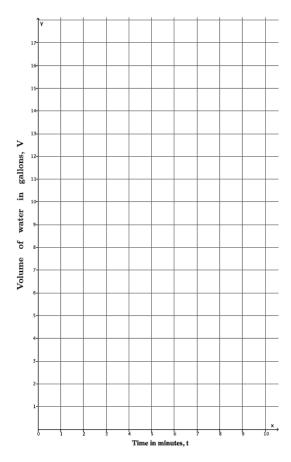
Lesson 11: Date:



Example 2

Water flows at a constant rate out of a faucet. Suppose the volume of water that comes out in three minutes is 10.5 gallons. How many gallons of water comes out of the faucet in t minutes?

t (time in minutes)	Linear equation:	V (in gallons)
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		





Lesson 11: Date: Constant Rate 11/19/14

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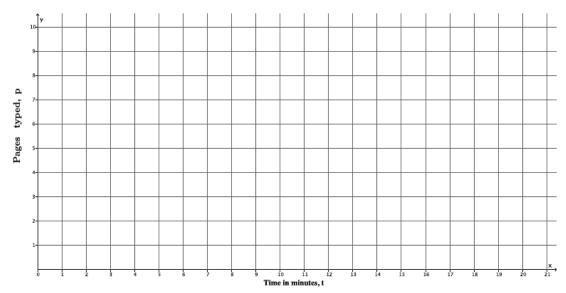


Exercises

- 1. Juan types at a constant rate. He can type a full page of text in $3\frac{1}{2}$ minutes. We want to know how many pages, p, Juan can type after t minutes.
 - a. Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of pages Juan types in any given time interval.
 - b. Complete the table below. Use a calculator and round your answers to the tenths place.

t (time in minutes)	Linear equation:	p (pages typed)
0		
5		
10		
15		
20		

c. Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



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Lesson 11: Date:



d. About how long would it take Juan to type a 5-page paper? Explain.

- 2. Emily paints at a constant rate. She can paint 32 square feet in 5 minutes. What area, *A*, in square feet, can she paint in *t* minutes?
 - a. Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of square feet Emily can paint in any given time interval.

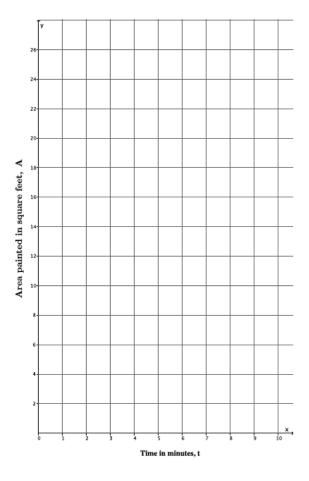
b. Complete the table below. Use a calculator and round answers to the tenths place.

t (time in minutes)	Linear equation:	A (area painted in square feet)
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		

Lesson 11: Date:



c. Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



d. About how many square feet can Emily paint in $2\frac{1}{2}$ minutes? Explain.

- 3. Joseph walks at a constant speed. He walked to a store that is one-half mile away in 6 minutes. How many miles, m, can he walk in t minutes?
 - a. Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of miles Joseph can walk in any given time interval, *t*.

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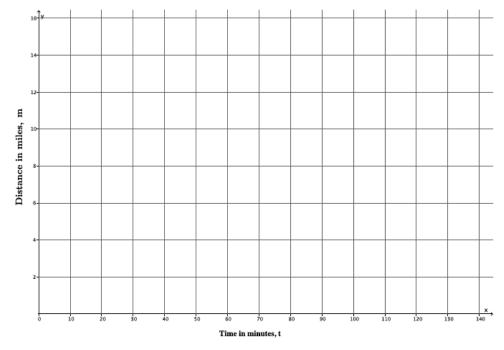
Lesson 11: Date:



Complete the table below. Use a calculator and round answers to the tenths place.

t (time in minutes)	Linear equation:	m (distance in miles)
0		
30		
60		
90		
120		

Graph the data on a coordinate plane. c.



Joseph's friend lives 4 miles away from him. About how long would it take Joseph to walk to his friend's house? Explain.

Lesson 11: Date:



Lesson Summary

When constant rate is stated for a given problem, you can express the situation as a two-variable equation. The equation can be used to complete a table of values that can then be graphed on a coordinate plane.

Problem Set

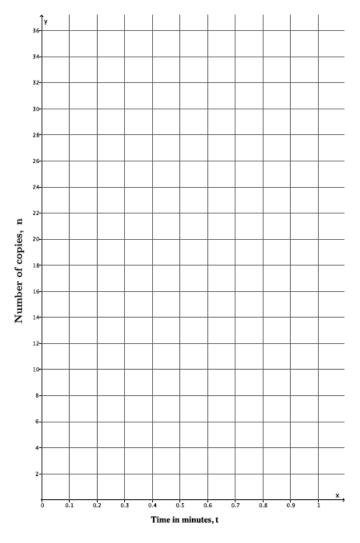
- A train travels at a constant rate of 45 miles per hour.
 - What is the distance, d, in miles, that the train travels in t hours?
 - How many miles will it travel in 2.5 hours? b.
- Water is leaking from a faucet at a constant rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ gallons per minute.
 - What is the amount of water, w, in gallons per minute, that is leaked from the faucet after t minutes? a.
 - How much water is leaked after an hour? b.
- A car can be assembled on an assembly line in 6 hours. Assume that the cars are assembled at a constant rate.
 - How many cars, y, can be assembled in t hours? a.
 - How many cars can be assembled in a week? b.
- A copy machine makes copies at a constant rate. The machine can make 80 copies in $2\frac{1}{2}$ minutes.
 - Write an equation to represent the number of copies, n, that can be made over any time interval, t. a.
 - Complete the table below. b.

t (time in minutes)	Linear equation:	n (number of copies)
0		
0.25		
0.5		
0.75		
1		

Lesson 11: Date:



Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



The copy machine runs for 20 seconds, then jams. About how many copies were made before the jam occurred? Explain.

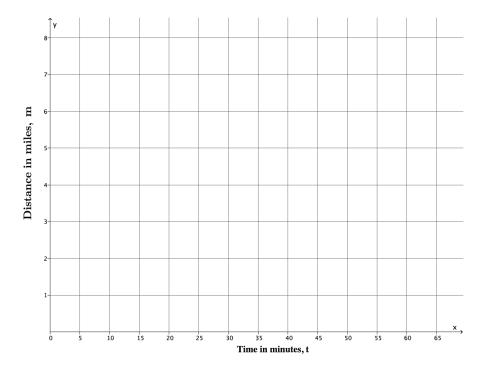
Lesson 11: Date:



- Connor runs at a constant rate. It takes him 34 minutes to run 4 miles.
 - Write the linear equation in two variables that represents the number of miles Connor can run in any given time interval, t.
 - Complete the table below. Use a calculator and round answers to the tenths place.

t (time in minutes)	Linear equation:	m (distance in miles)
0		
15		
30		
45		
60		

Graph the data on a coordinate plane.



Connor ran for 40 minutes before tripping and spraining his ankle. About how many miles did he run before he had to stop? Explain.

Lesson 11: Date:

